H3: Principal Component Projection

- (1) For the data set "8OX" introduced in class, there are n=45 patterns from k=3 categories, each pattern consists of d=8 features. Each pattern can be denoted by $\mathbf{x}_i^{(k)}, \ 1 \le i \le 15, \ 1 \le k \le 3$, where $\mathbf{x}_i^{(k)} \in \mathbb{R}^d$.
 - (a) Compute the pooled $d \times d$ covariance matrix $C = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{k=1}^{3} \sum_{i=1}^{n_k} (\mathbf{x}_i^{(k)} \mathbf{u}) (\mathbf{x}_i^{(k)} \mathbf{u})^t$, where $\mathbf{u} = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{k=1}^{3} \sum_{i=1}^{15} \mathbf{x}_i^{(k)}$ is the mean vector.
 - (b) Report the eigenvalues $\lambda_1 \geq \lambda_2 \geq \cdots \geq \lambda_d$ of C.
 - (c) Report the percentage of $\gamma_j = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^j \lambda_i}{\sum_{i=1}^d \lambda_i}$, $\forall \ 1 \leq j \leq d$.
 - (d) Plot n patterns using the first two principal components.
 - (e) Show the dendrogram (by complete linkage) of projected "8OX" data using only the first two principal components.
 - (f) Show the dendrogram (by complete linkage) of the original "8OX" data using the d=8 features.
- (2) For the data set "iris" introduced in class, there are n = 150 patterns from k = 3 categories, each pattern consists of d = 4 features. Repeat the same processes as required in problem (1).
- (3) For the data set "imox" introduced in class, there are n = 192 patterns from k = 4 categories, each pattern consists of d = 8 features. Repeat the same processes as required in problem (1).