

# CS5314 RANDOMIZED ALGORITHMS

## Homework 5

Due: 2:10 pm, January 4, 2011 (to Jenny at Rm 734, General Building II)

1. (40%) Consider the Markov chain in the following figure. Suppose that  $n \geq 4$ . Find the expected number of moves to reach  $n$  starting from position  $i$ , when (a)  $i = n - 1$ , (b)  $i = n - 2$ , (c)  $i = n - 3$ , and (d)  $i = n - 4$ . (Express the answers exactly in terms of  $n$ .)

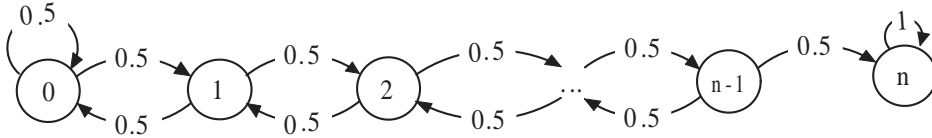


Figure 1: The Markov chain for Question 1.

2. Consider the Markov chain in the following figure.

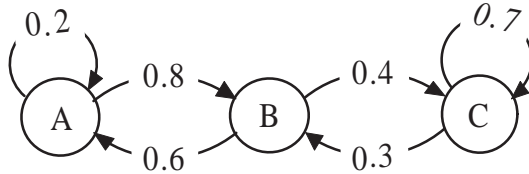


Figure 2: The Markov chain of Question 2.

- (a) (20%) Argue that the Markov chain is aperiodic and irreducible.
  - (b) (20%) Find the stationary probability.
  - (c) (20%) Find the probability of being in state 0 after 16 steps if the initial state is chosen uniformly at random from the 3 states.
3. (Just for fun: No marks) In the lecture, we have studied the gambler's ruin problem in the case where the game is fair. Consider the case where the game is not fair; in particular, the probability of losing a dollar each game is  $2/3$  and the probability of winning a dollar each game is  $1/3$ .

Suppose that you start with  $i$  dollars and finish either when you reach  $n$  or lose it all. Let  $W_t$  be the amount you have gained after  $t$  rounds of play.

- (a) Show that  $E[2^{W_t}] = E[2^{W_{t+1}}]$ .
- (b) Find the probability that you are winning.